

Remembering new information takes time and effort as the words and concepts need to be retained by the brain. There are many memory strategies to help that retention. Some of these examples work better for some people than others, and some work better for some classes than others.

Select Choose carefully what to memorize Sort out the most important ideas and vocabulary	Associate Link concepts and words to colors, other words or even smells Connect to information you already knew	Visualize Connect with pictures, movies, and stories in your mind	Elaborate Ask why and how words and ideas connect and matter	Concentrate Use hard-to- read fonts and write things out longhand to keep yourself focused
Recite Recite information out loud without notes. Teach information to someone else	Organize Reorganize information in a way that makes sense to you Draw maps and diagrams	Create Create rhymes to remember facts, figures and dates Create acrostics and mnemonics	<b>Prioritize</b> Memorize general information first and then move on to specific	<b>Rest</b> Give yourself opportunities to forget information before retrieving it again Sleep helps memory!

For more information on the **USU** <u>Academic Resource Finder</u>, <u>Habits of Mind</u> courses and sign up with an <u>Academic Success Coach</u>, visit Academic Belonging and Learning Excellence • <u>usu.edu/able</u>

