

Annotating texts means marking them in a way that isolates key information. It makes what you read your own. It takes time and intention, but that's well-invested when those texts become resources you can more easily rely on when studying exams, preparing projects and writing papers.

Benefits of Annotating

- Isolate and organize material
- Monitor your learning
- Streamline exam prep
- Make personal connections

- Increase engagement in material
- Provide a record of reading and responses
- Prepare to enter in scholarly conversations

What Annotating Could Look Like

Double-underline compelling passages and note how you could use them.



Marginalia: writing in the margins

<u>Definitions</u> of words you looked up <u>Summaries</u> in your own words Questions that arose Connections to you, other texts and the world

Highlighting

Draw a block around dense, complicated passages and then, on a separate sheet of paper, paraphrase them until you could teach them to someone else.

Circle important words Add a synonym or 2-3 word

explanation in the margin.

Mark new and/ or big ideas.

Summarize the idea in 2-3

Draw arrows related ideas. the margin.

| Label the connection in 2-3 words noted in

Number 1. steps

2. lists

3. details represent.

Note in 2-3 words what all the numbers

humorous ideas.

Jot questions and confusions in the margin.

←→ Mark ideas/opinions that contradict what was previously Summarize the

read or alternative viewpoint learned. within the margin.

 Identify additional information learned about a previouslymentioned idea.

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