

Presentation Exercise: Chapter 38

True or False. Latin relative clauses can have either an indicative or a subjunctive verb.

Fill in the Blank. The noun outside the relative clause to which the relative pronoun refers is called the _____.

True or False. The indicative mood is used in relative clauses when the antecedent is unclear.

Translate the following sentences.

Vir est qui id fecit. _____

Vir est qui id faciat. _____

Multiple Choice. Relative clauses of purpose (RCP) begin with _____.

- a. *ut/ne* b. *ut/ut non* c. a relative pronoun d. a reflexive pronoun

Translate the following sentences.

Virum misi qui tecum loqueretur. _____

Quosdam misit qui hostes interficerent. _____

Haec habebat quae de senectute diceret. _____

Dignus est qui exercitui imperet. _____

True or False. Relative clauses of purpose follow sequence of tenses.

Multiple Choice. What word is used when an RCP has a comparative form?

- a. *quem* b. *quam* c. *quo* d. *quis*

Fill in the Blank. Both RCP's and RCC's build on the subjunctive's original sense of

_____.

True or False. A relative clause will take the subjunctive mood in Latin, if it's attached to an antecedent which is part of indirect discourse.

Fill in the Blank. _____ is the term used for the phenomenon in which a speaker produces faulty grammar by importing a linguistic rule or feature associated elsewhere with valid grammar into a context where it does not apply.

Fill in the Blank. The acronym SCID stands for “_____ in _____.”

Fill in the Blank. When a clause is contained inside a construction which does not have an indicative verb, the subordinate verb is often drawn into the _____ mood, following the principle of _____.

Explain the use of the subjunctive verb in **bold** in the following sentences:

1. *Dixit se legisse libros **misisses**.* _____

2. *Puto eos malos qui in urbe **maneant** infirmos futuros esse sine duce.* _____

3. *Dico si id **credat** eum erraturum esse.* _____ / _____

Fill in the Blank. The basic use of the dative case is _____.

True or False. It's okay to say “dative of reference” if you're asked to explain the usage of any dative word in Latin.

Fill in the Blank. The dative of _____ shows the reason someone did something or what the goal of some action was.

Multiple Choice. What two uses of the dative are combined to form the double dative?

- a. dative of purpose + indirect object
- b. dative of reference + dative of advantage
- c. dative of purpose + dative of disadvantage
- d. dative of purpose + dative of reference

Fill in the Blank. In the double dative, the dative of _____ is almost always an abstract noun and the dative of _____ is almost always a person.

Translate the following sentences. Circle and explain all datives.

Pecunia est curae stulto soli. _____

Venerunt auxilio mihi. _____

Multiple Choice. The double dative is most often found with what verb?

- a. *habere*
- b. *esse*
- c. *licet*
- d. *posse*

VOCABULARY

Complete the information about the vocabulary items discussed in the presentation. For CATEGORY give the declension (adjectives), declension/gender (nouns), conjugation (verbs) or part of speech (others). For OTHER INFORMATION, include elements such as the word's base.

WORD	CATEGORY	MEANING/S	OTHER INFORMATION
CONSUL:	_____	_____	_____
DOLOR:	_____	_____	_____
ODIUM:	_____	_____	_____

WORD	CATEGORY	MEANING/S	OTHER INFORMATION
OPUS:	_____	_____	_____
	OPUS EST:	_____	_____
QUARE:	_____	_____	_____
CONSUMO:	_____	_____	_____
DEFENDO:	_____	_____	_____
DUBITO:	_____	_____	_____

Multiple Choice. Frequentative verbs usually belong to what conjugation?

- a. first b. second c. third d. fourth e. third-*io*

METUO:	_____	_____	_____
FATUM:	_____	_____	_____
PES:	_____	_____	_____